

Calculation of Transpiration and Assimilation for samples of varying leaf area.  
Tonsor Lab Nov 2 2007

Equations used by LiCor 6400 for automatic calculations

Transpiration

$$E_w = \frac{\mu_e (w_c - w_e)}{s_L 10^5 \left(1 - \frac{w_c}{1000}\right)}$$

Parameter	LiCor Output	Description	Units
$E_w$	Trmmol	Transpiration rate	mmoles $m^{-2}s^{-1}$
$\mu_e$	Flow	Air flow rate entering leaf chamber	$\mu\text{moles } s^{-1}$
$w_c$	H2OR	Mole fraction $H_2O$ vapor refer. air	mmoles $H_2O$ / mole air
$w_e$	H2OS	Mole fraction $H_2O$ vapor sample air	mmoles $H_2O$ / mole air
$s_L$	Area	Leaf area	$cm^2$

Net Photosynthesis

$$A_c = \frac{\mu_e (c_c - c_e)}{100s_L} - c_c E_w$$

Parameter	LiCor Output	Description	Units
$A_c$	Photo	Carbon assimilation rate	$\mu\text{moles } m^{-2}s^{-1}$
$\mu_e$	Flow	Air flow rate entering leaf chamber	$\mu\text{moles } s^{-1}$
$c_c$	CO2R	Mole fraction $CO_2$ reference air	$\mu\text{moles } CO_2$ / mole air
$c_e$	CO2S	Mole fraction $CO_2$ sample air	$\mu\text{moles } CO_2$ / mole air
$s_L$	Area	Leaf area	$cm^2$
$E_w$	Trmmol	Transpiration of $H_2O$ vapor	mmoles $m^{-2}s^{-1}$

Adjustment for variable leaf area

$$E_{Wadj} = \frac{S_L}{S_A} \left[ \frac{\mu_e (w_c - w_e)}{S_L 10^5 \left( 1 - \frac{w_c}{1000} \right)} \right]$$

$$E_{Wadj} = \frac{S_L}{S_A} E_W \quad \text{where } S_L = \text{the cuvette default leaf area}$$

$$S_A = \text{the actual leaf area}$$

$$\text{set } \frac{S_L}{S_A} = S_{adj}$$

$$\text{so } E_{Wadj} = S_{adj} E_W$$

LiCor suggests the following formula for calculating  $A_c$ , once we have adjusted their formula for variable leaf areas in the cuvette:

$$\begin{aligned} A_{Cadj} &= S_{adj} \left[ \frac{\mu_e (c_c - c_e)}{100 S_L} \right] - c_c E_{Wadj} \\ &= S_{adj} \left[ \frac{\mu_e (c_c - c_e)}{100 S_L} \right] - \frac{c_c S_{adj} E_W}{1000} \\ &= S_{adj} A_C \end{aligned}$$

NOTE that the LiCor people neglected to adjust for the fact that they output  $A_C$  in micromoles and  $E_W$  in millimoles. Therefore their formula for adjusting  $A_C$  to account for  $E_W$  requires that the term involving  $E_W$  be divided by 1000 to put it in millimolar units as well.

Transpiration adjustment written in terms of LiCor 6400 output variables

$$\text{AreaAdj} = \text{Area}/\text{AreaMeasured}$$

$$E_{Wadj} = \text{AreaAdj} * E_W$$

$$A_{Cadj} = \text{AreaAdj} * A$$